

PERGAQUICK CP40

Cobaltpolymer accelerators / Curing

Description	Cobaltpolymer
	40/ !!

4%, Liquid

PERGAQUICK CP40 is used as an accelerator for curing of unsaturated polyester resins at

ambient temperature in combination with Ketone peroxides

CAS No.:

Technical data Appearance: dark liquid

Active substance assay: appx. 4%
Density at 20°C: 0.98 g/cm³

Storage Maximum storage temperature (Ts max): 30°C

Minimum storage temperature (Ts min): 5°C
Storage stability as from date of delivery: 6 months

Keep packaging tightly closed in a well ventilated place at indicated storage temperature.

Hazardous reactions Might react violently with organic peroxides. It is therefore not allowed to store or transport the product together

with peroxides. NEVER BRING AN ACCELERATOR INTO DIRECT CONTACT WITH PEROXIDES!

Safety characteristics Flash point: >100°C





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Application

The curing of unsaturated polyester resins at ambient temperatures can in general not be performed by an organic peroxide alone. The radical formation which is necessary - to start the polymerisation reaction - is too slow at ambient temperatures with most generally applied organic peroxides. To speed up the radical formation in a controllable way, organic peroxides must therefore be used in combination with a so called accelerator. For ketone peroxides - like Methylethylketone peroxides, cyclohexanone peroxides and acetylacetone peroxide - a cobaltpolymer accelerator must be used. For this purpose the following formulations of cobaltpolymer octoate are available:

PERGAQUICK CP40, 4% cobalt polymer PERGAQUICK CP12, 1% cobalt polymer with stabilizing agent

The reactivity of the various cobaltpolymer accelerator formulations is directly correlated with the cobalt content. Apart from the choice of the ketone peroxide, the cure characteristics of an unsaturated polyester resin/ ketone peroxide mixture can be influenced very effectively by the dosage level of the cobaltpolymer accelerator. When the right peroxide has been chosen and still the required gel time and cure characteristics can not be obtained with the cobaltpolymer accelerator alone, it is possible to increase the reactivity of the cobaltpolymer accelerator by the extra addition of a promotor like PERGAQUICK A200 (DMA). This adaptation of the accelerator system may be necessary when:

- a very short gel time and/or fast cure is required, e.g. for RTM or manufacture or polymer concrete
- highly inhibited and/or low reactive resins must be cured e.g. bisphenol A/fumarate or vinylesters

The cure system ketone peroxide/cobalt accelerator can be characterized by:

- the relatively low colour, related to cobaltpolymer dosage, of the cured moulding
- a very good UV light stability of the moulded parts
- the long pot life of the cobalt polymer accelerator in the polyester resin

Disadvantages can be that the cure system is more sensitive to moisture, pigments and fillers than the cure system Dibenzoyl peroxide / Amine accelerator.

Depending on application area and working conditions, the following accelerator dosage levels are recommended:

PERGAQUICK CP40: 0,025 to 0,6 phr

Packaging

30kg container 200kg steel drum

Avo

Avoid contact with oxygen, close container carefully after removal.

In case of fire, Cobalt oxides and carbonmonoxide may be formed

Safety and handling

Major decomposition products

Please refer to the material safety data sheet (MSDS) for information concerning safe storage, use and handling of PERGAQUICK CP40. This information should be thoroughly reviewed prior to acceptance of this product. The MSDS is available for downloading at www.pergan.com or through contacting Pergan directly.

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