

Printing date 03.04.2024 Version: 10 (replaces version 9) Revision: 05.07.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

PEROXAN EPC-50 WN-A · Trade name:

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

· Further information obtainable

Environment protection / Security of labour from:

Qualified person: E-mail: msds@pergan.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

- Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 number:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Org. Perox. F H242 Heating may cause a fire. Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage. Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 1 H370 Causes damage to the central nervous system and the visual organs.

· 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms



· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining

components of labelling: bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate

methanol

H242 Heating may cause a fire. · Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H370 Causes damage to the central nervous system and the visual organs.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No P210 · Precautionary statements

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and

accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines). Keep only in original packaging. P234

Wash thoroughly after handling. P264

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing P280

protection.

P305+P351+P338 F IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P310

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411+P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding -15°C. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international P501

2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

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(Contd. of page 1) The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· vPvB:

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 16111-62-9 EINECS: 240-282-4 Reg-No.: 01-2119964452-35	bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate Org. Perox. C, H242; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	40-50%
CAS: 67-56-1 EINECS: 200-659-6 Index number: 603-001-00-X Reg-No.: 01-2119433307-44	methanol Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; STOT SE 1, H370 Specific concentration limits: STOT SE 1; H370: C ≥ 10 % STOT SE 2; H371: 3 % ≤ C < 10 %	10-20%
CAS: 9005-65-6	Polyoxyethylensorbitanmonooleate Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	1-2.5%

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48

hours after the accident.

Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

· After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep guiet.

· After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

· After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.

 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate

medical attention and special

treatment needed

No further relevant information available

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

· 5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

<u>Inform</u> respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

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GB



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before disposal

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed. Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).

Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-

metal compounds and amines).

While using do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not generate flames or sparks.

Keep product and emptied container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Prevent impact and friction.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.

Formation of flammable or explosive gas/air-mixtures is possible.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage:

Requirements to be met by

Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle. Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.

Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Recommended storage temperature (To maintain

quality): -20 -15 °C Control temperature: -15 °C

-5 °C · Emergency temperature: Storage class: 5.2

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· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

•		
· Ingredients with I	· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:	
67-56-1 methanol	67-56-1 methanol	
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 333 mg/m³, 250 ppm Long-term value: 266 mg/m³, 200 ppm Sk	
IOELV (EU)	Long-term value: 260 mg/m³, 200 ppm Skin	

·DNELs

16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate

Dermal	DNEL Longterm System	6.67 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
Inhalative	Inhalative DNEL Longterm System 11.75 mg/m3 (Worker)	
67-56-1 m	ethanol	
Dermal	DAIELL 1 O 1	20 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)

Inhalative DNEL Longterm System 130 mg/m3 (Worker)

· PNECs

16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate

PNEC Marinewater sed	0.0228 mg/kg sed dw (-)
PNEC Freshwater	0.032 mg/l (AF 50)
PNEC Freshwater sed	0.228 mg/kg sed dw (-)
PNEC Soil	0.0269 mg/kg soil dw (-)
PNEC STP	1.5 mg/l (AF 10)
PNEC Marinewater	0.0032 mg/l (AF 500)

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

No further data; see section 7.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

· General protective and

hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid close or long term contact with the skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

· Respiratory protection: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.

Filter A2

· Hand protection Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.



Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Protective gloves

· Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton) Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

· Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles



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· Body protection:

Protective work clothing

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties	
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
· General Information	
· Colour:	Colourless
· Odour:	Characteristic
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.
· Melting point/freezing point:	Not applicable.
 Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range 	Not applicable.
· Flammability	Not applicable.
· Lower and upper explosion limit	
· Lower:	Not determined.
· Upper:	Not determined.
· Flash point:	Not determined.
Decomposition temperature:	+5 °C (SADT)
· pH	Not determined.
· Viscosity:	
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
· Dynamic:	Not determined.
· Solubility	
· water:	Undetermined.
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not determined
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.
· Density and/or relative density	
· Density:	Not determined.
· Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapour density	Not determined.
9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.
Appearance:	
Form:	emulsion
Important information on protection of health and environm	ent.
and on safety.	,
Ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapo
· · ·	mixtures are possible.
· Change in condition	·
. Evaporation rate	Not determined

Not determined

· Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
Explosives	Void
Flammable gases	Void
Aerosols	Void
· Oxidising gases	Void
· Gases under pressure	Void
· Flammable liquids	Void
· Flammable solids	Void
· Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
· Pyrophoric liquids	Void
· Pyrophoric solids	Void
· Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void
· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in	
contact with water	Void
· Oxidising liquids	Void
· Oxidising solids	Void
Organic peroxides	Heating may cause a fire.
· Corrosive to metals	Void
Desensitised explosives	Void
· Other safety characteristics	
· Active oxygen	2.2 - 2.4 %



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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

No further relevant information available.

10.2 Chemical stability

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below the SADT.

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

· Additional information:

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. No further relevant information available.

Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate

Oral LD50 >2,000 mg/kg (rattus)
Dermal LD50 >2,000 mg/kg (rattus)

67-56-1 methanol

Oral LD50 1,187 mg/kg (rattus)

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classif

Germ cell mutagenicity
 Carcinogenicity
 Reproductive toxicity
 STOT-single exposure
 STOT-repeated exposure
 Aspiration hazard
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Causes damage to the central nervous system and the visual organs.
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

67-56-1 methanol

EC50 / 72h | 22,000 mg/l (algae)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

· Degree of elimination:

· Classification:

16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

67-56-1 methanol

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

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· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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· Partition coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]		
16111-62-9	bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate	2,73
67-56-1	methanol	-0,77 (20°C)
79-20-9	methyl acetate	0,18 (20°C)

· Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

67-56-1 methanol

BCF <10

12.4 Mobility in soil
 No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.
 vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting

properties
12.7 Other adverse effects

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties. No further relevant information available.

· Remark: Toxic for fish

· Additional ecological information:

General notes: Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Toxic for aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage

• Waste disposal key: Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-

number.

· Uncleaned packaging:

• Recommendation: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

44.4 UN	
· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG	UN3119
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name	
· ADR	UN3119 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE
	CONTROLLED (DI-(2-ETHYLHEXYL)-PEROXYDICARBONATE)
· IMDG	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	(DI-(2-ETHYLHEXYL)-PEROXYDICARBONATE)
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	

· ADR



Class 5.2 (P2) Organic peroxides.

Label

·IMDG



· Class 5.2 Organic peroxides

· Label 5.

·IATA

· Class X

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(Contd. of page 7) · Label Χ · 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG Void · 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant: · 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Organic peroxides. Hazard identification number (Kemler code): D Stowage Category · Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat. SW3 Shall be transported under temperature control. SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids · Segregation Code SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis. · 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable. · Transport/Additional information: · ADR · Limited quantities (LQ) 0 Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity · Transport category Tunnel restriction code D · RID / GGVSEB: no admission · IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity · IATA Remarks: no admission -15 °C · Control temperature: -5 °C · Emergency temperature:

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Poisons Act
- · Regulated explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

Directive 2012/18/EU

requirements

· Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier

50 t

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements

200 t

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex

None of the ingredients is listed

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

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· Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· National regulations:

· Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations

Please note: Take care of the respective local regulations.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs. H371 May cause damage to organs.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Department issuing SDS: Environment protection / Security of labour

Contact: Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 E-mail: mail@pergan.com

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the · Abbreviations and acronyms:

International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PB1: Persistent, Bloaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Org. Perox. C: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox. F: Organic peroxides – Type E/F Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1 STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 3

·* Data compared to the previous version altered.

GB