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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

## **PEROXAN EPC-60 WN-A**

· Trade name: 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available. · Application of the substance / the mixture Reaction initiator

	For industrial use
<ul> <li>1.3 Details of the supplier of the</li> <li>Manufacturer/Supplier:</li> </ul>	safety data sheet PERGAN GmbH Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50
<ul> <li>Further information obtainable from:</li> <li>1.4 Emergency telephone</li> </ul>	Environment protection / Security of labour Qualified person: E-mail: msds@pergan.com
number:	- Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

<ul> <li>2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture</li> <li>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008</li> </ul>			
Org. Perox. F	H242 Heating may cause a fire.		
Skin Irrit. 2	H315 Causes skin irritation.		
Eye Dam. 1	H318 Causes serious eye damage.		
Skin Sens. 1	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.		

STOT SE 1 H370 Causes damage to the central nervous system and the visual organs.

### · 2

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<ul> <li>2.2 Label elements</li> <li>Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008</li> <li>Hazard pictograms</li> </ul>	The product is cla GHS02 GHS05 C	assified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation. GHS07 GHS08
· Signal word	Danger	
· Hazard-determining components of labelling:	bis(2-ethylhexyl) methanol	peroxydicarbonate
· Hazard statements	H317 May cause	
• Precautionary statements	P210 P220 P234 P264 P280 P305+P351+P33 P405 P410 P411+P235 P420 P501	<ul> <li>Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).</li> <li>Keep only in original packaging.</li> <li>Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.</li> <li>8 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>Store locked up.</li> <li>Protect from sunlight.</li> <li>Store at temperatures not exceeding -15°C. Keep cool.</li> <li>Store separately.</li> <li>Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>2.3 Other hazards</li> <li>Results of PBT and vPvB asses</li> </ul>	sment	
· PBT:	The substances i	n the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.
· vPvB:	The substances i	n the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### · 3 2 Mixtures

CAS: 16111-62-9	bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate	60-70%
EINECS: 240-282-4 Reg-No.: 01-2119964452-35	Org. Perox. C, H242; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
CAS: 67-56-1 EINECS: 200-659-6 Index number: 603-001-00-X Reg-No.: 01-2119433307-44	methanol Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; STOT SE 1, H370 Specific concentration limits: STOT SE 1; H370: C ≥ 10 % STOT SE 2; H371: 3 % ≤ C < 10 %	10-20%
CAS: 9005-65-6	Polyoxyethylensorbitanmonooleate Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	1-2.5%

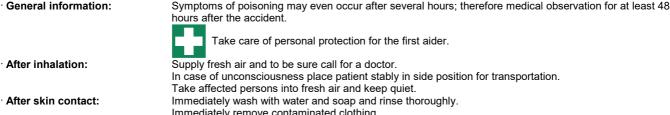
### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

· After inhalation:

· After eye contact: After swallowing:



Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor. In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation. Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet. Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor. Call for a doctor immediately. No further relevant information available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.3 Indication of any immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures** · 5.1 Extinguishing media • Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam. 5.2 Special hazards arising from Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded. the substance or mixture Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid. 5.3 Advice for firefighters · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device. Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray. Self-protection first!

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

containment and cleaning up:

<ul> <li>6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and</li> </ul>	
emergency procedures	Keep away from ignition sources.
	In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance. Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials. Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
· 6.2 Environmental precautions:	Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.
	Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
<ul> <li>6.3 Methods and material for</li> </ul>	

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

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	Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before disposal.
	Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government
	regulations.
• 6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
	See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
	See Section 13 for disposal information.
	In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

	5
· 7.1 Precautions for safe	
handling	Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.
	Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
	Open and handle receptacle with care.
	Prevent formation of aerosols.
	Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.
	Do not refill residue into storage receptacles.
	Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.
	Use only in well ventilated areas.
	Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed.
	Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).
	Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-
	metal compounds and amines).
	While using do not eat, drink or smoke.
	Do not generate flames or sparks.
	Keep product and emptied container away from heat and sources of ignition.
	Avoid shock and friction.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
	Do not smoke.
· Information about fire - and	$\sim$
explosion protection:	Protect from heat.
explosion protection.	
	Protect against electrostatic charges.
	Prevent impact and friction.
	Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.
	runes can combine with an to form an explosive mixture.
	Wear shoes with conductive soles.
	Formation of flammable or explosive gas/air-mixtures is possible.
	Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.
	Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.
• 7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	
· Storage:	Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.
<ul> <li>Requirements to be met by</li> </ul>	
storerooms and receptacles:	Store only in the original receptacle.
	Prevent any seepage into the ground.
	Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.
<ul> <li>Information about storage in</li> </ul>	
one common storage facility:	Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.
	Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.
<ul> <li>Further information about</li> </ul>	
storage conditions:	Keep container tightly sealed.
-	Protect from heat and direct sunlight.
	Protect from contamination.
	Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.
Recommended storage	-
temperature (To maintain	
quality):	-2015 °C
· Storage class:	5.2
7.3 Specific end use(s)	No further relevant information available.
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SECTION 8: Expos	SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
· 8.1 Control parameter	ers		
	it values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
67-56-1 methanol			
	Short-term value: 333 mg/m³, 250 ppm		
	_ong-term value: 266 mg/m³, 200 ppm Sk		
	_ong-term value: 260 mg/m³, 200 ppm		
	Skin		
· DNELs			
	ylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate		
	gterm System 6.67 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	gterm System 11.75 mg/m3 (Worker)		
67-56-1 methanol			
	gterm System 20 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)		
Inhalative DNEL Long	gterm System 130 mg/m3 (Worker)		
PNECs			
	ylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate		
	ed 0.0228 mg/kg sed dw (-)		
PNEC Freshwater	0.032 mg/l (AF 50)		
PNEC Freshwater see			
PNEC Soil	0.0269 mg/kg soil dw (-)		
PNEC STP	1.5 mg/l (AF 10)		
PNEC Marinewater	0.0032 mg/l (AF 500) tion: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.		
8.2 Exposure contro Appropriate engine controls	Is ering No further data; see section 7.		
· General protective	n measures, such as personal protective equipment		
hygienic measures			
	Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.		
	Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.		
	Store protective clothing separately.		
	Avoid close or long term contact with the skin.		
	Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.		
	Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.		
	Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.		
· Respiratory protec	tion: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.		
	Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.		
· Hand protection	Filter A2 Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.		
	Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the		
	degradation		
	Protective gloves		
• Material of gloves	The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.		
	Butyl rubber, BR		
	Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)		
	Nitrile rubber, NBR		
· Penetration time of	Neoprene of alove		
material	The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be		
	observed.		
<ul> <li>Eye/face protection</li> </ul>	Tightly sealed goggles		
	righting sealed goggles		
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## Trade name: PEROXAN EPC-60 WN-A

· Self-heating substances and mixtures

contact with water

Oxidising liquids

Oxidising solids

Active oxygen

· Organic peroxides

· Corrosive to metals

Desensitised explosives

Other safety characteristics

 $\cdot$  Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties · General Information Colour: White · Odour: Characteristic · Odour threshold: Not determined. · Melting point/freezing point: Not applicable. Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Not applicable. · Flammability Not applicable. · Lower and upper explosion limit · Lower: Not determined. · Upper: Not determined. · Flash point: Not determined. Decomposition temperature: +5 °C (SADT) · pH Not determined. · Viscosity: Kinematic viscosity Not determined. · Dynamic: Not determined · Solubility water: Emulsifiable. · Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) not determined · Vapour pressure: Not determined. · Density and/or relative density · Density: Not determined. Relative density Not determined. Vapour density Not determined. · 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available. Appearance: emulsion · Form: · Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety. Ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting. Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible. · Change in condition · Evaporation rate Not determined. Information with regard to physical hazard classes · Explosives Void Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void · Oxidising gases Void · Gases under pressure Void · Flammable liquids Void · Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

ca. 2.77 %

Heating may cause a fire.

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(Contd. of page 5) **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**  10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available. · 10.2 Chemical stability Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous selfaccelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition at or below the SADT No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat. · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available. · 10.5 Incompatible materials: Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e.g. heavy-metal compounds and amines). · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid. products: No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications. · Additional information: Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency response plane in place.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

• Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:			
16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate			
Oral	LD50 >2,000 mg/	D50 >2,000 mg/kg (rattus)	
Dermal	LD50 >2,000 mg/	rg (rattus)	
67-56-1	methanol		
Oral	LD50 1,187 mg/kg	ı (rattus)	
· Skin c	orrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
· Seriou	s eye damage/irrit	ation Causes serious eye damage.	
•	atory or skin		
sensiti	sation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
· Germ o	cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
· Carcin	ogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
· Reproc	ductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
· STOT-	single exposure	Causes damage to the central nervous system and the visual organs.	
· STOT-I	repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
· Aspira	tion hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
· 11.2 Information on other hazards			
· Endocrine disrupting properties			
None of the ingredients is listed.			

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

· 12.1 Toxicity
· Aquatic toxicity:
67-56-1 methanol
EC50 / 72h 22,000 mg/l (algae)
· 12.2 Persistence and degradability
· Degree of elimination:
· Classification:
16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) peroxydicarbonate
Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)
67-56-1 methanol
Degradation (Readily biodegradable)
(Contd. on page 7)



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· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potentia	al	(Contd. of page 6
· Partition coefficient: nOctar		
16111-62-9 bis(2-ethylhexyl) pe	eroxydicarbonate	2,73
67-56-1 methanol		-0,77 (20°C)
79-20-9 methyl acetate		0,18 (20°C)
Bioconcentration factor (BCI	F)	
67-56-1 methanol		
BCF <10		
· 12.4 Mobility in soil	No further relevant information available.	
· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment	
· PBT:	The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK	REACH, annex XIII.
· vPvB:	The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK	
· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting	Ŭ	
properties	The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.	
12.7 Other adverse effects	No further relevant information available.	
· Remark:	Toxic for fish	
· Additional ecological inform	ation:	
· General notes:	Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.	
	Toxic for aquatic organisms	
	Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water	er
	Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.	
	Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
<ul> <li>13.1 Waste treatment methods</li> <li>Recommendation</li> </ul>	After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations. Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage	
· Waste disposal key:	system. Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)- number.	
<ul> <li>Uncleaned packaging:</li> <li>Recommendation:</li> </ul>	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.	

SECTION 14: Transport information	
· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG	UN3119
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR	UN3119 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED (DI-(2-ETHYLHEXYL)-PEROXYDICARBONATE)
·IMDG	ORGANIC PERÒXIDE TYPE F, LIQÚID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED (DI-(2-ETHYLHEXYL)-PEROXYDICARBONATE)
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR	
· Class · Label	5.2 (P2) Organic peroxides. 5.2
·IMDG	
<b>.</b>	
· Class	5.2 Organic peroxides.
·Label	5.2
· IATA · Class	Х
	(Contd. on page 8



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·Label	Х
14.4 Packing group	
· ADR, IMDG	Void
14.5 Environmental hazards:	
· Marine pollutant:	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Organic peroxides.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	•
EMS Number:	F-F,S-R
· Stowage Category	D
· Stowage Code	SW1 Protected from sources of heat.
-	SW3 Shall be transported under temperature control.
· Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids
	SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instr	uments Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	0
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0
	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
Transport category	1
· Tunnel restriction code	D
· RID / GGVSEB:	no admission
·IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	0
· Excepted guantities (EQ)	Code: E0
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
· Remarks:	no admission
· Control temperature:	-15 °C
· Emergency temperature:	-5 °C

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

 $\cdot$  15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Poisons Act	
Regulated explosives precurso	rs
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Regulated poisons	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Reportable explosives precurse	ors
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Reportable poisons	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
<ul> <li>Directive 2012/18/EU</li> <li>Named dangerous substances         <ul> <li>ANNEX I</li> <li>Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements</li> <li>Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	50 t 200 t
· DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the re II	estriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOS	SIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))
None of the ingredients is listed.	
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LOSIVES PRECURSORS
on drug precursors
laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug
and prohibitive regulations Take care of the respective local regulations.
tion
present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and sh actual relationship.
<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H242 Heating may cause a fire.</li> <li>H301 Toxic if swallowed.</li> <li>H311 Toxic in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H331 Toxic if inhaled.</li> <li>H370 Causes damage to organs.</li> <li>H371 May cause damage to organs.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Environment protection / Security of labour Tel: +49 2871 9902-0
E-mail: mail@pergan.com RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the Internation Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LD50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent DB51: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic VPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Org. Perox. F: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox.