

Printing date 29.06.2023 Version: 7 (replaces version 6) Revision: 26.06.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

• Trade name: PEROXAN ME-50 LM4 X

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

· Further information obtainable

from:

Competent person:

* Sales Manager Germany: Mr. Ansgar Pappenheim, e-mail: a.pappenheim@pergan.com

* Export Sales Manager: Mr. Dr. Thomas Philipps, e-mail: dr.philipps@pergan.com

* Environment protection / Mr. Christoph Wilting o mail: a wilting@pergan.com

* Environment protection / : Mr. Christoph Wilting, e-mail: c.wilting@pergan.com

Security of labour

· 1.4 Emergency telephone

number: - Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Org. Perox. D H242 Heating may cause a fire.

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Muta. 2 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Repr. 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.



Danger







GHS02 GHS05 GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word

Hazard-determining

· Hazard statements

components of labelling:

Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

tert-butyl hydroperoxide

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

• **Precautionary statements** P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and

accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).

P234 Keep only in original packaging.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411+P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding +30°C. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.
 vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

Dangerous components:		
CAS: 6846-50-0 EINECS: 229-934-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119451093-47	1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate Repr. 2, H361d; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	30-50%
CAS: 1338-23-4 EC number: 700-954-4 Reg-No.: 01-2119514691-43	Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane Org. Perox. D, H242; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	25-40%
CAS: 123-42-2 EINECS: 204-626-7 Index number: 603-016-00-1 Reg-No.: 01-2119473975-21	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Repr. 2, H361d; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limit: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 10 %	2.5-209
CAS: 75-91-2 EINECS: 200-915-7 Reg-No.: 01-2119446670-40	tert-butyl hydroperoxide Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Org. Perox. F, H242; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Muta. 2, H341; Carc. 2, H351; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limits: Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 1 % Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0.1 % STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 %	2.5-5%
CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-0 Index number: 606-002-00-3 Reg-No.: 01-2119457290-43	butanone Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	0.1-5%
CAS: 7722-84-1 EINECS: 231-765-0 Index number: 008-003-00-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119485845-22	hydrogen peroxide solution Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 70$ % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 50 % $\le C < 70$ % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 35 % $\le C < 50$ % Eye Dam. 1; H318: $C \ge 8$ % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % $\le C < 8$ % STOT SE 3; $C \ge 35$ % Ox. Liq. 1; H271: $C \ge 70$ % Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50 % $\le C < 70$ %	0.1-5%
CAS: 102-82-9 EINECS: 203-058-7 Reg-No.: 01-2119474898-14	tributylamine Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	0-1%

Additional information:

tert-butyl hydroperoxide 70%ig in water

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

• General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48

hours after the accident.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

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In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

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Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

· After inhalation:

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

· After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately. Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

· 5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

 Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before disposal.

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed.

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Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).

Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-

metal compounds and amines). Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

While using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Avoid shock and friction.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Prevent impact and friction.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

· Requirements to be met by

storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

· Information about storage in

one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.

Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Storage in a collecting room is required.

Recommended storage temperature (To maintain

quality):

0 +30 °C

Storage class: 5.2

Inhalative DNEL Acute Systemic

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

DNEL Longterm System 1.43 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)

DNEL Longterm System 2.52 mg/m3 (Worker)

7.55 mg/m3

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters					
· Ingredients with li	Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:				
123-42-2 4-hydroxy	123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one				
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 362 mg/m³, 75 ppm Long-term value: 241 mg/m³, 50 ppm				
78-93-3 butanone					
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 899 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm Sk, BMGV				
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 900 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm				
7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution					
WEL (Great Britain) Short-term value: 2.8 mg/m³, 2 ppm					
	Long-term value: 1.4 mg/m³, 1 ppm				
· DNELs					
6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate					
Dermal DNEL Longterm System 5 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)					
Inhalative DNEL Longterm System 17.62 mg/m3 (Worker)					
1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2.2-divl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane					

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123_42_2 4_1	hydroxy-4-m	nothvlnonta	(Contd. of pa
			467 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
	-	•	32.6 mg/m3 (Worker)
	-butyl hydro	-	oz.o mg/mo (worker)
			0.21 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
	ONEL Acute S	-	85.2 mg/m3 (Worker)
	NEL Acute (-	28.4 mg/m3 (Worker)
			2.2 mg/m3 (Worker)
	NEL Longte	-	0.58 mg/m3 (Worker)
ا 78-93-3 but		IIII LUCAI	0.56 mg/m5 (worker)
		rm System	1,161 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
	-	•	600 mg/m3 (Worker)
	ydrogen pe	-	
	NEL Longte		1.4 mg/m3 (Worker)
	butylamine	IIII Local	1.4 mg/mo (worker)
	NEL Acute S	Systemic	10.6 mg/m3 (Worker)
		-	5.3 mg/m3 (Worker)
	NEL Longte	-	15.2 mg/m3 (Worker)
	JIVEE Longle	IIII Local	13.2 Highiio (Worker)
PNECs) O aller - 41	dantes alle de la constitución de la desagración de la constitución de
			/Itrimethylene diisobutyrate
	newater sed	_	
PNEC Fresh		0.014 mg/l	· · ·
PNEC Fresh		5.29 mg/kg	
PNEC Soil		1.05 mg/kg	
PNEC STP		3 mg/l (AF	·
PNEC Marin		0.001 mg/l	·
			ne-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane
	newater sed	_	•
PNEC Fresh		0.006 mg/l	
PNEC Fresh		0.088 mg/k	
PNEC Soil		0.014 mg/k	
PNEC STP		1.2 mg/l (A	
PNEC Marin			(AF 10.000)
	hydroxy-4-m		
	newater sed		
PNEC Fresh		2 mg/l (AF	·
PNEC Fresh		7.4 mg/kg s	
PNEC Soil		0.31 mg/kg	
PNEC STP		100 mg/l (A	<i>,</i>
PNEC Marin		0.2 mg/l (A	F 500)
	-butyl hydro	•	va and du
	newater sed	_	•
PNEC Fresh		0.002 mg/l	
PNEC Seaw		0 mg/l (AF	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
PNEC Fresh		•	rg sed dw (-)
PNEC Soil		_	g soil dw (AF 1.000)
PNEC STP		0.17 mg/l (/	·
	ydrogen pe		
	newater sed	_	•
PNEC Fresh		0.013 mg/l	
PNEC Fresh		0.047 mg/k	
PNEC Soil		0.002 mg/k	
PNEC STP		4.66 mg/l (/	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		0.013 mg/l	(AF 50)
PNEC Marin			
102-82-9 tri			
102-82-9 tri	newater sed	3.59 mg/kg 0.008 mg/l	



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PNEC Freshwater sed | 35.85 mg/kg sed dw PNEC Soil 7.17 mg/kg soil dw PNEC STP 100 mg/l (AF 1) **PNEC Marinewater** 0.0008 mg/l (AF 10.000)

· Ingredients with biological limit values:

78-93-3 butanone

BMGV (Great Britain) 70 µmol/L

Medium: urine

Sampling time: post shift Parameter: butan-2-one

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering

controls No further data; see section 7.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and

hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid close or long term contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer · Respiratory protection:

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.



Filter A2

· Hand protection Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Protective gloves

· Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be

observed.

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

· Physical state

· Colour: · Odour:

· Odour threshold:

· Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

· Flammability

· Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower: · Upper:

Characteristic Not determined. Not applicable.

Colourless

Fluid

Not applicable. May cause fire.

Not determined. Not determined.

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. OADT

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· Flash point:	> SADT
Decomposition temperature:	+60 °C (SADT)
pH	Not determined.
· Viscosity:	
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
Dynamic at 20 °C:	17 mPas
Solubility	
water:	Undetermined.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not determined
	Not determined.
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.
Density and/or relative density	
· Density at 20 °C:	1.011 g/cm ³
· Relative density	Not determined.

 Vapour density · 9.2 Other information

Appearance:

Floor books

Fluid · Form:

· Important information on protection of health and environment,

and on safety.

Ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

Not determined.

· Change in condition

· Evaporation rate Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
Explosives	Void
Flammable gases	Void
Aerosols	Void
· Oxidising gases	Void
· Gases under pressure	Void
Flammable liquids	Void
Flammable solids	Void
· Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
· Pyrophoric liquids	Void
Pyrophoric solids	Void
Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void
Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in	
contact with water	Void
Oxidising liquids	Void
Oxidising solids	Void
Omente de destate de	114

· Organic peroxides Heating may cause a fire.

· Corrosive to metals Void · Desensitised explosives Void Other safety characteristics · Active oxygen 8.9 - 9.4 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability Thermal decomposition /

conditions to be avoided:

SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous selfaccelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause

decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition at or below the SADT.

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No further relevant information available.

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

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· Additional information: Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:					
6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate					
Oral	ral LD50 3,200 mg/kg (rattus)				
Dermal	LD50	18,900 mg/kg (caviinae)			
1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane					
Oral	LD50	1,017 mg/kg (rattus)			
123-42-2 4	23-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one				
Oral LD50 3,002 mg/kg (rattus)					
75-91-2 te	75-91-2 tert-butyl hydroperoxide				
Oral	LD50	805 mg/kg /(70%) (rattus)			
Dermal LD50 633 mg/kg /(70%) (cuniculosus)		633 mg/kg /(70%) (cuniculosus)			
Inhalative LC50 / 4h 1.2 mg/l /(70%) (rattus)					
102-82-9 t	102-82-9 tributylamine				
Oral	LD50	540 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	250 mg/kg (cuniculosus)			

· Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

· 11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

78-93-3 butanone List II

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity Aguatic toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:
1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane
LC50 / 96h 44.2 mg/l (-)
75 04 0 tart butul buduanaravida

75-91-2 tert-butyl hydroperoxide

EC50 / 72h | 2.1 mg/l /(70%) (selenastrum capricornutum) LC50 / 96h 42.3 mg/l /(70%) (pimephales promelas) 24.3 mg/l /(70%) (activa sludge) EC50 / 48h | 20 mg/l /(70%) (daphnia magna)

78-93-3 butanone

LC50 / 96h 3,220 mg/l (pimephales promelas) EC50 / 48h | 5,091 mg/l (daphnia magna)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability
- · Degree of elimination:
- · Classification:

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

Degradation (Readily biodegradable, failing 10-d wind) (OECD 301 B)

1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 A)

75-91-2 tert-butyl hydroperoxide

Degradation (Not readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 D)

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78-93-3 but	anone			
Degradation	(Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 D)			
7722-84-1 h	nydrogen peroxide solution			
Degradation (Readily biodegradable)				
102-82-9 tr	butylamine			
Degradation	(Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)			
12.3 Bioac	cumulative potential			
· Partition	coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]			
1338-23-4	Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane	2,04 (25°C)		
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	-0,09 (20°C)		
75-91-2	tert-butyl hydroperoxide	0,85 (30 °C)		
78-93-3	butanone	0,3 (40°C)		
7722-84-1	hydrogen peroxide solution	-1,57 (20°C)		
102-82-9	tributylamine	3,34 (25 °C)		
110-05-4	di-tert-butyl peroxide	3,2 (22°C)		
Bioconcer	ntration factor (BCF)			
6846-50-0 1	-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate			
BCF 183-194 (piscis)				
102-82-9 tr	butylamine			
BCF 7.3				

12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII. The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII. · vPvB:

· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting

properties For information on endocrine disrupting properties see section 11.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Harmful to fish

Additional ecological information:

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised. General notes:

Harmful to aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· Waste disposal key: Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-

number

· Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3105
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG, IATA	UN3105 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S)) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S))

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· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides.

· Label

· IMDG, IATA



Class 5.2 Organic peroxides. · Label 5.2

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA Void

· 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable.

· 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Organic peroxides.

· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):

Stowage Category

· Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat. · Segregation Code SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.

SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml · Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

· Transport category D · Tunnel restriction code

· RID / GGVSEB: like ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES · Seveso category

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier

requirements 50 t Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier

requirements

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment - Annex

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

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· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

78-93-3 butanone

· Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug

precursors

78-93-3 butanone

- · National regulations:
- Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations
- · Please note: Take care of the respective local regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H225

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H242 Heating may cause a fire

H271

May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

Harmful if swallowed. H302 H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. H318 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness H336 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d

Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

· Contact: Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

E-mail: mail@pergan.com

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International · Abbreviations and acronyms:

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PB1: Persistent, Bloaccumulative and Toxic VPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3 Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids – Category 1 Org. Perox. D: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox. F: Organic peroxides – Type E/F Acute Tox 4: A vice to Vicinity Category 4

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity – Category 1

Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1C

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1

Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3

* Data compared to the previous version altered.