

Printing date 02.01.2024 Version: 7 (replaces version 6) Revision: 16.02.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

• Trade name: PEROXAN MI-60 KPX

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

Further information obtainable

from: Qualified person: E-mail: msds@pergan.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number: - Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Org. Perox. C H242 Heating may cause a fire.

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1C H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Repr. 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aguatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Hazard pictograms

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.



Danger







GHS02 GHS05 GHS06 GHS08 GHS09

· Signal word

· Hazard-determining

components of labelling: Reaction mass of 4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and 4-methylpentane-2-one and peroxybis-4-

methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

tert-butyl perbenzoate 4-methylpentan-2-one

• Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and

accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection.

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P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.
P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411+P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding +25°C. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.
 vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

Dangerous components:		
EC number: 942-932-9 Reg-No.: 01-2120103792-63	Reaction mass of 4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and 4-methylpentane-2-one and peroxybis-4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide Alternative CAS number: 37206-20-5 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Org. Perox. D, H242; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317	25-40%
CAS: 614-45-9 EINECS: 210-382-2 Reg-No.: 01-2119513317-46	tert-butyl perbenzoate Org. Perox. C, H242; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	25-30%
CAS: 6846-50-0 EINECS: 229-934-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119451093-47	1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate Repr. 2, H361d; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	10-25%
CAS: 108-10-1 EINECS: 203-550-1 Index number: 606-004-00-4 Reg-No.: 01-2119473980-30	4-methylpentan-2-one Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Eye Irrit. 2, H319, EUH066 ATE: LC50 / 4h inhalative: 11 mg/l	5-10%
CAS: 123-42-2 EINECS: 204-626-7 Index number: 603-016-00-1 Reg-No.: 01-2119473975-21	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Specific concentration limit: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 10 %	5-10%
CAS: 7722-84-1 EINECS: 231-765-0 Index number: 008-003-00-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119485845-22	hydrogen peroxide solution Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 70$ % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 50 % $\le C < 70$ % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 35 % $\le C < 50$ % Eye Dam. 1; H318: $C \ge 8$ % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % $\le C < 8$ % STOT SE 3; $C \ge 35$ % Ox. Liq. 1; H271: $C \ge 70$ % Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50 % $\le C < 70$ %	0.1-2.5%
CAS: 102-82-9 EINECS: 203-058-7 Reg-No.: 01-2119474898-14	tributylamine Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	0-1%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

• General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48

hours after the accident.

Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

· After inhalation: Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

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· After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed 4.3 Indication of any immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. · Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions: Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before disposal.

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed. Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).

Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-

metal compounds and amines). Avoid contact with skin and eyes While using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Avoid shock and friction.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

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Prevent impact and friction.

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage:

Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

· Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

· Information about storage in

one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.

Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

· Further information about

storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

· Recommended storage temperature (To maintain

quality): Storage class: +5 +25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Inhalative DNEL Longterm System 32.6 mg/m3 (Worker)

· 8.1 Contro	ol parameters	· 8.1 Control parameters				
· Ingredier	edients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:					
108-10-1	108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one					
WEL (Gre	WEL (Great Britain) Short-term value: 416 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 208 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk, BMGV					
IOELV (El		/alue: 208 mg/m³, 50 ppm /alue: 83 mg/m³, 20 ppm				
123-42-2	I-hydroxy-4-methylpe	ntan-2-one				
WEL (Gre		/alue: 362 mg/m³, 75 ppm /alue: 241 mg/m³, 50 ppm				
7722-84-1	hydrogen peroxide s	olution				
WEL (Gre		value: 2.8 mg/m³, 2 ppm value: 1.4 mg/m³, 1 ppm				
·DNELs						
Reaction dihydrope		tane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and 4-methylpentane-2-one and peroxybis-4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl				
Dermal	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 1.5 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)				
Inhalative	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 2.64 mg/m3 (Worker)				
614-45-9 t	ert-butyl perbenzoat					
Dermal	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 17.5 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)				
Inhalative	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 24.7 mg/m3 (Worker)				
6846-50-0	1-isopropyl-2,2-dime	thyltrimethylene diisobutyrate				
Dermal	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 5 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)				
Inhalative	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 17.62 mg/m3 (Worker)				
108-10-1	108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one					
Dermal	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 11.8 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)				
Inhalative	DNEL Acute Systemi	208 mg/m3 (Worker)				
	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 83 mg/m3 (Worker)				
123-42-2	l-hydroxy-4-methylpe					
Dermal	DNEL Longterm Syst	em 467 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)				

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			(Contd. of page
	hydrogen pe		
	DNEL Longte	rm Local	1.4 mg/m3 (Worker)
	ributylamine		
Inhalative	DNEL Acute	•	10.6 mg/m3 (Worker)
	_	-	5.3 mg/m3 (Worker)
	DNEL Longte	rm Local	15.2 mg/m3 (Worker)
·PNECs			
Reaction dihydrope		thylpentan	ne-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and 4-methylpentane-2-one and peroxybis-4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl
	rinewater sed	0.06 mg/kg	sed dw (-)
PNEC Fre			g/I (AF 1.000)
	shwater sed		g sed dw (-)
PNEC Soi			kg soil dw (-)
PNEC STI		1.28 mg/l (
PNEC Mai			ng/l (AF 10.000)
	ert-butyl perk		11g/1 (Al 10.000)
	rinewater sed		ka sed dw
PNEC Mai		0.028 mg/l (
	shwater sed	0.01 mg/l (/ 0.28 mg/kg	
PNEC Soi		0.049 mg/k	
PNEC STI		0.6 mg/l (A	,
PNEC Ma			g/l (AF 100)
			yltrimethylene diisobutyrate
	rinewater sed	_	
PNEC Fre		0.014 mg/l	
	shwater sed	5.29 mg/kg	
PNEC Soi	l	1.05 mg/kg	
PNEC STI	D	3 mg/l (AF	·
PNEC Ma		0.001 mg/l	(AF 500)
	l-methylpenta		
PNEC Ma	rinewater sed		
PNEC Fre	shwater	0.6 mg/l (A	vF 50)
PNEC Sea	awater	0.06 mg/l (AF 500)
PNEC Fre	shwater sed	8.27 mg/kg	g sed dw (-)
PNEC Soi	ļ	1.3 mg/kg	soil dw (-)
PNEC STI	5	27.5 mg/l (/	AF 10)
123-42-2	l-hydroxy-4-n	nethylpenta	an-2-one
PNEC Ma	rinewater sed	0.74 mg/kg	g sed dw
PNEC Fre	shwater	2 mg/l (AF	50)
PNEC Fre	shwater sed	7.4 mg/kg	·
PNEC Soi	ı	0.31 mg/kg	
PNEC STI		100 mg/l (A	
PNEC Mai	rinewater	0.2 mg/l (A	·
7722-84-1	hydrogen pe		
	rinewater sed		
PNEC Fre		0.013 mg/l	
	shwater sed	0.047 mg/k	
PNEC Soi		0.002 mg/k	
PNEC STI		4.66 mg/l (
PNEC Mai		0.013 mg/l	
	ributylamine	5.5 15 mg/l	v · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	rinewater sed	3 50 ma/ka	wh has r
PNEC Mai			
		_	(AF 1.000)
	shwater sed	35.85 mg/k	
PNEC Soi		7.17 mg/kg	
PNEC STI		100 mg/l (A	,
PNEC Mai	rınewater	U.0008 mg/	/l (AF 10.000)

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· Ingredients with biological limit values:

108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one BMGV (Great Britain) 20 µmol/L

Medium: urine

Sampling time: post shift

Parameter: 4-methylpentan-2-one

The lists valid during the making were used as basis. Additional information:

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls No further data; see section 7.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid close or long term contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

· Respiratory protection: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.



Filter A2

· Hand protection Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Protective gloves

 Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be

observed.

· Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Physical state · Colour: · Odour:

· Odour threshold:

· Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

· Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower: · Upper: · Flash point:

pН

· Decomposition temperature:

Fluid Colourless

Characteristic Not determined. Not applicable.

Not applicable. May cause fire.

Not determined

Not determined. 59 °C

> +60 °C (SADT)

Mixture is non-soluble (in water).

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Kinematic viscosity Not determined. Dynamic: Not determined.

Solubility · water:

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

· Vapour pressure:

Density and/or relative density

· Density at 20 °C: 0.995 g/cm³ Not determined. Relative density · Vapour density Not determined.

· 9.2 Other information

Appearance:

· Form:

Fluid · Important information on protection of health and environment,

and on safety.

· Ignition temperature:

Explosive properties:

Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

Undetermined.

not determined Not determined

Not determined.

· Change in condition

· Evaporation rate Not determined.

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

· Explosives Void · Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void · Oxidising gases Void · Gases under pressure Void

· Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void · Self-heating substances and mixtures Void

· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in

contact with water Void · Oxidising liquids Void · Oxidising solids Void · Organic peroxides

Heating may cause a fire. Void

· Corrosive to metals Desensitised explosives Void Other safety characteristics

8.5 - 8.8 % Active oxygen

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability Thermal decomposition /

conditions to be avoided:

SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-

accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below the SADT.

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions · 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. No further relevant information available

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

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• Additional information: Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled.

•					
· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:					
Reaction mass of 4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and 4-methylpentane-2-one and peroxybis-4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide					
Oral	LD50	1,575 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rattus)			
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	1.5 mg/l (rattus)			
614-45-9 t	ert-butyl p	erbenzoate			
Oral	LD50	4,838 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	3,817 mg/kg (rattus)			
Inhalative	LC100 4h	4.9 mg/l (rattus)			
	LC0 / 4h	1.01 mg/l (rattus)			
6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate					
Oral	LD50	3,200 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	18,900 mg/kg (caviinae)			
108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one					
Oral	LD50	>2 080 mg/kg (rattus)			

 Oral
 LD50
 >2,080 mg/kg (rattus)

 Dermal
 LD50
 >16,000 mg/kg (cuniculosus)

 Inhalative
 LC50 / 4h
 11 mg/l (ATE)

LC50 / 4h 11 mg/l

123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one
Oral LD50 3,002 mg/kg (rattus)

Oral LD50 3,002 mg/kg (rattus)

102-82-9 tributylamine

Oral LD50 540 mg/kg (rattus)
Dermal LD50 250 mg/kg (cuniculosus)

· Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation Cau

Respiratory or skin

Causes serious eye damage.

sensitisation
 Reproductive toxicity
 Aspiration hazard
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

 Aquatic toxicity:

Reaction mass of 4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and 4-methylpentane-2-one and peroxybis-4-methylpentane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide

EC50 / 72h | 1.33 mg/l (alga (Süsswasser))

LC50 / 96h | 1.89 mg/l (piscis)

EC50 / 48h 4.48 mg/l (daphnia magna)

108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one

EC50 / 72h | 146 mg/l (alga (Süsswasser)) LC50 / 96h | 179 mg/l (brachydanio rerio)

EC50 / 48h | 200 mg/l (daphnia magna)

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· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

· Degree of elimination:

•	Classification	

614-45-9 tert-butyl perbenzoate

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 D)

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2.2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

Degradation (Readily biodegradable, failing 10-d wind) (OECD 301 B)

108-10-1 4-methylpentan-2-one

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 F)

123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 A)

7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

102-82-9 tributylamine

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

· Partition	coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]	
614-45-9	tert-butyl perbenzoate	3 (25°C)
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	1,9
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	-0,09 (20°C)
7722-84-1	hydrogen peroxide solution	-1,57 (20°C)
102-82-9	tributylamine	3,34 (25 °C)

· Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

BCF 183-194 (piscis) 102-82-9 tributylamine

BCF 7.3

12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII. · PBT: · vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH, annex XIII.

· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting

properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects

· Remark: Very toxic for fish

· Additional ecological information:

General notes: Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Very toxic for aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-· Waste disposal key:

number.

· Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN number or ID number

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN3103

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· 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· ADR UN3103 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID (tert-BUTYL PEROXYBENZOATE), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID (tert-BUTYL · IMDG

PEROXYBENZOATE), MARINE POLLUTANT ·IATA ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID (tert-BUTYL

PEROXYBENZOATE)

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



· Class 5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides.

· Label

·IMDG



5.2 Organic peroxides. · Class Label

· IATA



Class 5.2 Organic peroxides.

· Label 5.2

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA

· 14.5 Environmental hazards: Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: tert-BUTYL

PEROXYBENZOATE · Marine pollutant: Symbol (fish and tree) · Special marking (ADR): Symbol (fish and tree)

· 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Organic peroxides.

Hazard identification number (Kemler code): · Stowage Category

D SW1 Protected from sources of heat. · Stowage Code · Segregation Code SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR · Limited quantities (LQ) 25 ml Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

Transport category Tunnel restriction code D

· RID / GGVSEB: like ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 25 ml Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Poisons Act

· Regulated explosives precursors

7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution 12%

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Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I

None of the ingredients is listed. Seveso category H2 ACUTE TÖXIC

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES

E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier

requirements 200 t

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

- National regulations:
- Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations

· Please note: Take care of the respective local regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

May intensify fire; oxidiser. H272 Harmful if swallowed. H302

H304

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eve damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Fatal if inhaled. H330 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

· Contact: Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

E-mail: mail@pergan.com

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods · Abbreviations and acronyms:

IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

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PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic VPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3 Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids – Category 1 Org. Perox. C: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox. D: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity – Category 1 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Skin Sens. 1: Skin Sensitisation – Category 2
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3

· * Data compared to the previous version altered.

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