

Printing date 03.04.2024 Version: 11 (replaces version 10) Revision: 27.11.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

• Trade name: PEROXAN CU-90 L

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

· Further information obtainable

from: Environment protection / Security of labour

Qualified person: E-mail: msds@pergan.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number: - Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Org. Perox. F H242 Heating may cause a fire.
Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Carc. 1B H350 May cause cancer.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Th

· Hazard pictograms

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.









GHS02 GHS05 GHS06 GHS08 GHS09

· Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining

components of labelling: α, α -dimeth

 α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide Cumene

2-Phenyl-2-propanol

Hazard statements H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H302+H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H350 May cause cancer.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smokina.

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and

accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).

P234 Keep only in original packaging.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

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P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.
P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411+P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding +30°C. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· Additional information: Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

Determination of endocrine-

disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Dangerous components: CAS: 80-15-9	α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-90%
EINECS: 201-254-7 Index number: 617-002-00-8	Org. Perox. E, H242; Acute Tox. 3, H331; STOT RE 2, H373; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 10 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 3 % ≤ C < 10 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 3 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 1 % ≤ C < 3 % STOT SE 3; H335: C < 10 %	
CAS: 98-82-8 EINECS: 202-704-5 Index number: 601-024-00-X Reg-No.: 01-2119473983-24	Cumene Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Carc. 1B, H350; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; STOT SE 3, H335	5-10%
AS: 617-94-7 2-Phenyl-2-propanol 2-Phenyl-2-pr		2,5-5%
CAS: 98-86-2 EINECS: 202-708-7 Index number: 606-042-00-1	acetophenone Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	0,1-1%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48

hours after the accident.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

• After inhalation: Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

• After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

• After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

yed No further relevant information available.

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

• Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Additional information

· Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before

disposal.

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed. Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).

Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-

metal compounds and amines) While using do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not generate flames or sparks

Keep product and emptied container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Avoid shock and friction.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Prevent impact and friction.

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Keep respiratory protective device available.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.

Formation of flammable or explosive gas/air-mixtures is possible.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

 \cdot 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

 Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines. Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

Further information about

storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Storage in a collecting room is required.

· Recommended storage temperature (To maintain

quality):

0 +30 °C

Storage class: 5.2

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:				
98-82-8 Cumene				
OEL (Ireland)	Short-term value: 250 mg/m³, 50 ppm Long-term value: 50 mg/m³, 10 ppm Sk, IOELV			
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 250 mg/m³, 50 ppm Long-term value: 50 mg/m³, 10 ppm Skin			
WEL (Great Britain) Short-term value: 250 mg/m³, 50 ppm Long-term value: 125 mg/m³, 25 ppm Sk				
98-86-2 acetophen	one			
OEL (Ireland)	Long-term value: 49 mg/m³, 10 ppm			
· DNELs				
80-15-9 α,α -dimet	nylbenzyl hydroperoxide			
Inhalative DNEL Lo	ngterm System 6 mg/m3 (Worker)			
98-82-8 Cumene				
Dermal DNEL Lo	ngterm System 15,4 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)			
Inhalative DNEL Lo	ngterm System 100 mg/m3 (Worker)			
98-86-2 acetophen	98-86-2 acetophenone			
Dermal DNEL Lo	ngterm System 0,35 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)			
Inhalative DNEL Lo	ngterm System 1,23 mg/m3 (Worker)			
PNECs				
80-15-9 α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide				
PNEC Marinewater	PNEC Marinewater sed 0,002 mg/kg sed dw (-)			
PNEC Freshwater	0,003 mg/l (AF 1.000)			
PNEC Freshwater s	ed 0,023 mg/kg sed dw (-)			
PNEC Soil	0,003 mg/kg soil dw (-)			

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(Contd. of page 4) PNEC STP 0,35 mg/l (-) **PNEC Marinewater** 0 mg/l (AF 10.000) 98-82-8 Cumene PNEC Marinewater sed | 0,322 mg/kg sed dw (-) 0,035 mg/l (AF 10) PNEC Freshwater 3,22 mg/kg sed dw (-) PNEC Freshwater sed PNEC Soil 0,624 mg/kg soil dw (-) PNEC STP 200 mg/l (AF 10) **PNEC Marinewater** 0,004 mg/l (AF 100) 98-86-2 acetophenone PNEC Marinewater sed 0,113 mg/kg sed dw (-) 0,086 mg/l (AF 1.000) PNFC Freshwater PNEC Freshwater sed 1,13 mg/kg sed dw (-) PNEC Soil 0,175 mg/kg soil dw (-) PNFC STP 34,6 mg/l (AF 10)

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

PNEC Marinewater

Appropriate engineering

controls

No further data; see section 7.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

0,009 mg/l (AF 10.000)

General protective and

hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

> Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

Respiratory protection: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.

· Hand protection Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Protective gloves · Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

· Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be

observed.

· Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:

Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

· Colour:

colourless - yellowish Characteristic Not determined

· Odour threshold:

Odour:

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Melting point/freezing point:	Not applicable.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flammability	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not applicable.
· Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
Flash point:	> SADT
Decomposition temperature:	+70 °C (SADT)
· pH	Not determined.
· Viscosity:	Not determined.
· Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
Dynamic at 20 °C:	11 mPas
Solubility	11 IIIFdS
· water:	Undetermined.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined.
Density and/or relative density	4.00
Density at 20 °C:	1,06 g/cm³
Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapour density	Not determined.
· 9.2 Other information	
· Appearance:	
· Form:	Fluid
· Important information on protection of health and environment,	
and on safety.	
Ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour
	mixtures are possible.
· Solvent content:	
· VOC (EC)	63,6-<116,6 g/l
· Change in condition	
· Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
· Explosives	Void
· Flammable gases	Void
Aerosols	Void
Oxidising gases	Void
Gases under pressure	Void
· Flammable liquids	Void
· Flammable solids	Void
Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
· Pyrophoric liquids	Void
· Pyrophoric solids	Void
• •	Void
Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in	VOIU
contact with water	Void
	Void
· Oxidising liquids	Void
· Oxidising solids	
· Organic peroxides · Corrosive to metals	Heating may cause a fire. Void
· Desensitised explosives	Void

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

· 10.2 Chemical stability

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No further relevant information available.

SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous selfaccelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below the SADT.

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. No further relevant information available.

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· 10.5 Incompatible materials: Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency · Additional information:

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Acute toxicity

	TOXIC II IIIIIalea.				
· LD/LC50	· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:				
80-15-9 α	,α -dimethy	/lbenzyl hydroperoxide			
Oral	LD50	200-2.000 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	400-2.000 mg/kg (rattus)			
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	0,5-2 mg/l (rattus)			
98-82-8 C	umene				
Oral	LD50	2.260 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	12.300 mg/kg (rabbit)			
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	24,7 mg/l (mouse)			
617-94-7	2-Phenyl-2	propanol			
Oral	LD50	1.300 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	LD50	4.300 mg/kg (rabbit)			
98-86-2 a	cetopheno	ne			
Oral	LD50	2.081 mg/kg (rattus)			

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. May cause cancer.

· Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

80-15-9 α , α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide

LC50 10-100 mg/l (leuciscus idus)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

· Degree of elimination:

· Classification:

80-15-9 α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide

Degradation (Not readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

98-82-8 Cumene

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

98-86-2 acetophenone

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 C)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

· Partition coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]

80-15-9 α, α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 1,6 (25°C) 98-82-8 Cumene 3,55 (20°C)

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(Contd. of page 7) 617-94-7 2-Phenyl-2-propanol 1,89 (25°C) 98-86-2 acetophenone 1,65 (20°C)

12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. · PBT: · vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects

· Remark: Toxic for fish

· Additional ecological information:

· General notes: Toxic for aquatic organisms

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage

· Waste disposal key: Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-

number.

Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3109
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR	UN3109 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

(CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS ·IMDG ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPÉ F, LIQUID (CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE),

MARINE POLLUTANT

ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE) · IATA

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR







· Class 5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides. · Label 5.2+8

· IMDG







· Class 5.2 Organic peroxides. Label 5.2/8

· IATA





· Class 5.2 Organic peroxides. · Label 5.2 (8)

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14.4 Packing group	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE. Cumene
· Marine pollutant:	Yes Symbol (fish and tree)
· Special marking (ADR):	Symbol (fish and tree)
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Organic peroxides.
Stowage Category	D
Stowage Code	SW1 Protected from sources of heat.
· Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids
	SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.
	SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMC Transport/Additional information:	O instruments Not applicable.
· ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	125 ml
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: F0
=2.00 100 quantuo (= 0)	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
· Transport category	2
· Tunnel restriction code	D
· RID / GGVSEB:	like ADR
· IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	125 ml
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0
	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

 \cdot 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Seveso category H2 ACUTE TOXIC

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES

E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

 Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier

requirements 50 t
Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for
the application of upper-tier
requirements 200 t

· REGULATION (EC) No

1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 28, 75

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex

None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

• Relevant phrases H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

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H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H350 May cause cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Department issuing SDS:

Environment protection / Security of labour

Contact:

Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 E-mail: mail@pergan.com

· Version number of previous version:

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· Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the

International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3
Org. Perox. E: Organic peroxides – Type E/F
Org. Perox. F: Organic peroxides – Type E/F
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2
Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1
Aguatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2

·* Data compared to the previous version altered.