

Printing date 29.06.2023 Version: 7 (replaces version 6) Revision: 26.06.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

• Trade name: PEROXAN ME-50 LM4 X

• 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

Further information obtainable

from:

Competent person:

* Sales Manager Germany: Mr. Ansgar Pappenheim, e-mail: a.pappenheim@pergan.com * Export Sales Manager: Mr. Dr. Thomas Philipps, e-mail: dr.philipps@pergan.com

* Environment protection / : Mr. Christoph Wilting, e-mail: c.wilting@pergan.com

Security of labour

· 1.4 Emergency telephone

number:

- Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Org. Perox. D H242 Heating may cause a fire.

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Muta. 2 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Repr. 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Hazard pictograms The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.









GHS02 GHS05 GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining

components of labelling: Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

tert-butyl hydroperoxide

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one
Hazard statements H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and

accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).

P234 Keep only in original packaging.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.
P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411+P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding +30°C. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.
 vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

· Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

78-93-3 butanone List II

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Dangerous components:				
CAS: 6846-50-0 EINECS: 229-934-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119451093-47	l-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate Repr. 2, H361d; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412			
CAS: 1338-23-4 EC number: 700-954-4 Reg-No.: 01-2119514691-43	Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane Org. Perox. D, H242; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	25-40%		
CAS: 123-42-2 EINECS: 204-626-7 Index number: 603-016-00-1 Reg-No.: 01-2119473975-21	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Repr. 2, H361d; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limit: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 10 %	2,5-20%		
CAS: 75-91-2 EINECS: 200-915-7 Reg-No.: 01-2119446670-40	tert-butyl hydroperoxide Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Org. Perox. F, H242; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Muta. 2, H341; Carc. 2, H351; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limits: Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 1 % Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0,1 % STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 %	2,5-5%		
CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-0 Index number: 606-002-00-3 Reg-No.: 01-2119457290-43		0,1-5%		
CAS: 7722-84-1 EINECS: 231-765-0 Index number: 008-003-00-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119485845-22	hydrogen peroxide solution Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 70$ % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 50 % $\le C < 70$ % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 35 % $\le C < 50$ % Eye Dam. 1; H318: $C \ge 8$ % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % $\le C < 8$ % STOT SE 3; 5 % $\le C < 8$ % Ox. Liq. 1; H271: 5 % $\le C < 70$ % Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50 % $\le C < 70$ %	0,1-5%		
CAS: 102-82-9 EINECS: 203-058-7 Reg-No.: 01-2119474898-14	tributylamine Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	0-1%		

Additional information: tert-butyl hydroperoxide 70%ig in water

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48

hours after the accident.

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Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

· After inhalation: Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

· After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

No further relevant information available.

No further relevant information available

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

treatment needed

• Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded. Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: · Additional information Mouth respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and

emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before

disposal.

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

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Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed.

Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).

Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavymetal compounds and amines).

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

While using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Avoid shock and friction.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Prevent impact and friction.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage: Requirements to be met by Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.

Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

· Further information about

storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Storage in a collecting room is required.

· Recommended storage temperature (To maintain

quality): 0 +30 °C

Storage class: 5.2

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:					
123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one					
OEL (Ireland)	Long-term value: 240 mg/m³, 50 ppm				
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 362 mg/m³, 75 ppm Long-term value: 241 mg/m³, 50 ppm				
78-93-3 butanone					
OEL (Ireland)	Short-term value: 900 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm Sk, IOELV				
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 900 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm				
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 899 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm Sk, BMGV				
7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution					
OEL (Ireland)	Short-term value: 3 mg/m³, 2 ppm Long-term value: 1,5 mg/m³, 1 ppm				
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 2,8 mg/m³, 2 ppm Long-term value: 1,4 mg/m³, 1 ppm				

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			(Contd. of pa
DNELs			
			/trimethylene diisobutyrate
Dermal			5 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
			17,62 mg/m3 (Worker)
			ne-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane
Dermal	_		1,43 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
Inhalative	DNEL Acute	-	7,55 mg/m3
	_	-	2,52 mg/m3 (Worker)
	4-hydroxy-4-n		
Dermal			467 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
	_		32,6 mg/m3 (Worker)
	ert-butyl hydro		O Od and the bookless (Markey)
Dermal	_	-	0,21 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
innalative	DNEL Acute	-	85,2 mg/m3 (Worker)
	DNEL Acute		28,4 mg/m3 (Worker)
	_	-	2,2 mg/m3 (Worker)
	DNEL Longte	rm Local	0,58 mg/m3 (Worker)
78-93-3 bu			
Dermal			1.161 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)
	_	-	600 mg/m3 (Worker)
	hydrogen pe		
	DNEL Longte	rm Local	1,4 mg/m3 (Worker)
	ributylamine		
Inhalative	DNEL Acute		10,6 mg/m3 (Worker)
	_	-	5,3 mg/m3 (Worker)
	DNEL Longte	rm Local	15,2 mg/m3 (Worker)
·PNECs			
			/Itrimethylene diisobutyrate
PNEC Mar	rinewater sed	0,529 mg/k	g sed dw (-)
PNEC Fre	shwater	0,014 mg/l	
PNEC Fre	shwater sed	5,29 mg/kg	
PNEC Soi	I	1,05 mg/kg	soil dw
PNEC ST	P	3 mg/l (AF	10)
PNEC Mai	rinewater	0,001 mg/l	(AF 500)
1338-23-4	Reaction ma	ss of butan	ne-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane
PNEC Mar	rinewater sed	0,009 mg/k	g sed dw
PNEC Fre	shwater	0,006 mg/l	(AF 1.000)
PNEC Fre	shwater sed	0,088 mg/k	g sed dw
PNEC Soi	I	0,014 mg/k	g soil dw
PNEC ST	P	1,2 mg/l (A	F 10)
PNEC Mai	rinewater	0,001 mg/l	(AF 10.000)
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4-n	nethylpenta	in-2-one
PNEC Mar	rinewater sed	0,74 mg/kg	sed dw
PNEC Fre	shwater	2 mg/l (AF	50)
PNEC Freshwater sed 7,4 mg/kg s		7,4 mg/kg s	sed dw
PNEC Soil 0,31 mg/kg soil dw		0,31 mg/kg	y soil dw
PNEC STP 100 mg/l (A		100 mg/l (A	AF 10)
PNEC Mai	rinewater	0,2 mg/l (A	F 500)
75-91-2 te	rt-butyl hydro		
PNEC Ma	rinewater sed	0,001 mg/k	g sed dw
PNEC Fre		0,002 mg/l	
PNEC Sea	awater	0 mg/l (AF	
	shwater sed		g sed dw (-)
PNEC Fre		_	g soil dw (AF 1.000)
PNEC Fre PNEC Soi	I		
		-	AF 100)
PNEC Soil		0,17 mg/l (/	·

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Trade name: PEROXAN ME-50 LM4 X

PNEC Freshwater

PNEC Freshwater sed
PNEC Soil

0,013 mg/l (AF 50)
0,047 mg/kg sed dw
0,002 mg/kg soil dw

4,66 mg/l (AF 100)

0,013 mg/l (AF 50)

PNEC Marinewater

102-82-9 tributylamine

PNEC STP

PNEC Marinewater sed PNEC Freshwater 0,008 mg/l (AF 1.000)
PNEC Freshwater sed PNEC Soil 7,17 mg/kg seid dw
PNEC STP 100 mg/l (AF 1)
PNEC Marinewater 0,0008 mg/l (AF 10.000)

· Ingredients with biological limit values:

78-93-3 butanone

BMGV (Great Britain) 70 µmol/L

Medium: urine

Sampling time: post shift Parameter: butan-2-one

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls No further data; see section 7.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and

hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid close or long term contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

Respiratory protection: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.



Filter A2

• Hand protection Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.



Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the

degradation

Protective gloves

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be

observed.

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

— IE —



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Fluid

Colourless

Characteristic

Not determined.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

May cause fire.

+60 °C (SADT) Not determined.

Not determined.

Undetermined.

not determined Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined

1,011 g/cm³

> SADT

17 mPas

Not determined. Not determined.

Trade name: PEROXAN ME-50 LM4 X

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

 9.1 Information or 	basic physical and	chemical properties
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General Information

· Physical state · Colour:

· Odour:

· Odour threshold:

· Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability

· Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower:

· Upper:

· Flash point:

Decomposition temperature:

· pH

· Viscosity:

· Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic at 20 °C:

Solubility

· water:

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

· Vapour pressure:

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C: Relative density

· Vapour density

9.2 Other information

Fluid

Void

Void Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

Void

· Important information on protection of health and environment,

and on safety.

Appearance: · Form:

Ignition temperature:

Explosive properties:

Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

· Change in condition Evaporation rate Not determined.

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes · Explosives

· Flammable gases

· Aerosols

· Oxidising gases

Gases under pressure

· Flammable liquids

Flammable solids · Self-reactive substances and mixtures

· Pyrophoric liquids

· Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures

· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in

contact with water · Oxidising liquids

Oxidising solids

· Organic peroxides

· Corrosive to metals

· Desensitised explosives Other safety characteristics

Active oxygen

Void Void Void

Heating may cause a fire.

Void

Void

8,9 - 9,4 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity 10.2 Chemical stability No further relevant information available.

Thermal decomposition /

conditions to be avoided: SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous self-

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accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below the SADT.

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. No further relevant information available.

· 10.5 Incompatible materials: Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

· Additional information: Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute to	Aicity	Harrinu ii iiinaleu.				
· LD/LC5	0 values re	levant for classification:				
6846-50-0	1-isoprop	yl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate				
Oral	LD50	3.200 mg/kg (rattus)				
Dermal	LD50	18.900 mg/kg (caviinae)				
1338-23-4	1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane					
Oral	LD50 1.017 mg/kg (rattus)					
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-	4-methylpentan-2-one				
Oral	ral LD50 3.002 mg/kg (rattus)					
75-91-2 te	rt-butyl hy	droperoxide				
Oral	LD50	805 mg/kg /(70%) (rattus)				
Dermal	LD50	633 mg/kg /(70%) (cuniculosus)				
Inhalative	Inhalative LC50 / 4h 1,2 mg/l /(70%) (rattus)					
102-82-9	tributylami	ne				
Oral	LD50	540 mg/kg (rattus)				
Dermal	LD50	250 mg/kg (cuniculosus)				

· Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation

· Respiratory or skin

Causes serious eye damage.

sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. · Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects. Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· 11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

78-93-3 butanone

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic	toxicity:

1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

LC50 / 96h | 44,2 mg/l (-)

75-91-2 tert-butyl hydroperoxide

EC50 / 72h 2,1 mg/l /(70%) (selenastrum capricornutum) LC50 / 96h | 42,3 mg/l /(70%) (pimephales promelas) 24,3 mg/l /(70%) (activa sludge) EC50 EC50 / 48h | 20 mg/l /(70%) (daphnia magna)

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List II



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78-93-3 butanone

LC50 / 96h 3.220 mg/l (pimephales promelas)

EC50 / 48h | 5.091 mg/l (daphnia magna)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability
- · Degree of elimination:

	\sim 1	as	<u>ہ:</u>	fi.		41.	~ "	
٠,	GI	ลร	SI	TI	cа	TI	nr	١.

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

Degradation (Readily biodegradable, failing 10-d wind) (OECD 301 B)

1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 A)

75-91-2 tert-butyl hydroperoxide

Degradation (Not readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 D)

78-93-3 butanone

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 D)

7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

102-82-9 tributylamine

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

· Partition	· Partition coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]				
1338-23-4	Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane 2,04 (25°C				
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	-0,09 (20°C)			
75-91-2	tert-butyl hydroperoxide	0,85 (30 °C)			
78-93-3	butanone	0,3 (40°C)			
7722-84-1	hydrogen peroxide solution	-1,57 (20°C)			
102-82-9	tributylamine	3,34 (25 °C)			
110-05-4	di-tert-butyl peroxide	3,2 (22°C)			

· Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

BCF 183-194 (piscis)

102-82-9 tributylamine

BCF 7,3

- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. · vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting

properties 12.7 Other adverse effects For information on endocrine disrupting properties see section 11.

· Remark: Harmful to fish

· Additional ecological information:

· General notes: Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Harmful to aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· Waste disposal key: Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-

number.

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Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN number or ID number

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN3105

· 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· ADR UN3105 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL

KETONE PEROXIDE(S))

ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE · IMDG, IATA

Void

PEROXIDE(S))

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



Class 5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides. 5.2

· Label

· IMDG, IATA



· Class 5.2 Organic peroxides.

· Label 5.2

· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

Not applicable. · 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Organic peroxides.

· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):

· Stowage Category

· Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat. · Segregation Code SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids

SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.

SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml Code: F0

· Excepted quantities (EQ) Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

· Transport category D Tunnel restriction code

· RID / GGVSEB: like ADR

·IMDG

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml

 Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Directive 2012/18/EU

Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Seveso category P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES

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3

3

Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t

REGULATION (EC) No

1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex

None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

78-93-3 butanone

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

78-93-3 butanone

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
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H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

· Contact: Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 E-mail: mail@pergan.com

· Version number of previous version:

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulatir Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids – Category 1 Org. Perox. D: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox. F: Organic peroxides – Type E/F Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3

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Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity – Category 1
Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2
Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2
Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment – long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3

·* Data compared to the previous version altered.