

Printing date 19.02.2024 Version: 10 (replaces version 9) Revision: 19.02.2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

PEROXAN ME-50 LU 2 X · Trade name:

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

· Further information obtainable

Qualified person: E-mail: msds@pergan.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number: - Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Liq. 3 Org. Perox. D H242 Heating may cause a fire. Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed. Acute Tox. 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Carc. 1B H350 May cause cancer.

Repr. 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. STOT RF 2

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms









GHS02 GHS05 GHS06 GHS08 GHS09

· Signal word

Danger

· Hazard-determining

components of labelling:

α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

Cumene

Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

Flammable liquid and vapour. · Hazard statements H226 Heating may cause a fire. H242

H302+H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. H331 Toxic if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H314 H350 May cause cancer

Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361d

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and

accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).

P234 Keep only in original packaging. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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(Contd. of page 1) Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

P280

protection.

P303+P361+P353 İF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411+P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding +30°C. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· Additional information: Restricted to professional users.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. · vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

· Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

78-93-3 butanone List II

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 6846-50-0 EINECS: 229-934-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119451093-47	1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate Repr. 2, H361d; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	25-40%
CAS: 80-15-9 EINECS: 201-254-7 Index number: 617-002-00-8 Reg-No.: 01-2119475796-19	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	25-30%
CAS: 1338-23-4 EC number: 700-954-4 Reg-No.: 01-2119514691-43	Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane Org. Perox. D, H242; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	20-25%
CAS: 123-42-2 EINECS: 204-626-7 Index number: 603-016-00-1 Reg-No.: 01-2119473975-21	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Repr. 2, H361d; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limit: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 10 %	2,5-10%
CAS: 98-82-8 EINECS: 202-704-5 Index number: 601-024-00-X Reg-No.: 01-2119473983-24		5-10%
CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-0 Index number: 606-002-00-3 Reg-No.: 01-2119457290-43	butanone Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	0,1-5%
CAS: 7722-84-1 EINECS: 231-765-0 Index number: 008-003-00-9 Reg-No.: 01-2119485845-22		0,1-2,5%
CAS: 617-94-7 EINECS: 210-539-5	2-Phenyl-2-propanol Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	1-2,5%
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(Contd. on page 3)



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· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16 (Contd. of page 2)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48

hours after the accident.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

· After inhalation: Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep guiet.

· After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.

Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

No further relevant information available

No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

• Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment:

Mouth respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. · Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.



Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before

disposal.

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed. Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel). Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-

metal compounds and amines). Avoid contact with skin and eyes. While using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Avoid shock and friction.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Prevent impact and friction.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

Requirements to be met by

storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle.

Prevent any seepage into the ground. Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

· Information about storage in

one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.

Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Storage in a collecting room is required.

Recommended storage temperature (To maintain

quality):

0 +30 °C

Storage class: 52

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with li	Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
123-42-2 4-hydroxy	123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one		
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 362 mg/m³, 75 ppm Long-term value: 241 mg/m³, 50 ppm		
98-82-8 Cumene			
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 250 mg/m³, 50 ppm Long-term value: 50 mg/m³, 10 ppm Skin		
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 250 mg/m³, 50 ppm Long-term value: 125 mg/m³, 25 ppm Sk		

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78-93-3 butanone		(Contd. of page
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 900 mg/m³, 300 ppm	
10227 (20)	Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm	
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 899 mg/m³, 300 ppm	
,	Long-term value: 600 mg/m³, 200 ppm	
	Sk, BMGV	
	n peroxide solution	
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 2,8 mg/m³, 2 ppm	
	Long-term value: 1,4 mg/m³, 1 ppm	
· DNELs		
6846-50-0 1-isopro	pyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	
Dermal DNEL Lo	ngterm System 5 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)	
Inhalative DNEL Lo	ngterm System 17,62 mg/m3 (Worker)	
80-15-9 α,α -dimeth	ylbenzyl hydroperoxide	
Inhalative DNEL Lo	ngterm System 6 mg/m3 (Worker)	
	mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane	
	ngterm System 1,43 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)	
Inhalative DNEL Ac		
	ngterm System 2,52 mg/m3 (Worker)	
	-4-methylpentan-2-one	
	ngterm System 467 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)	
	ngterm System 32,6 mg/m3 (Worker)	
Innalative DNEL Lo	ngienn sysieni sz.o nigriis (vvoiker)	
	makama Cuakana 45 4 man/karhuu/day (Mankan)	
	ngterm System 15,4 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)	
	ngterm System 100 mg/m3 (Worker)	
78-93-3 butanone		
	ngterm System 1.161 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)	
	ngterm System 600 mg/m3 (Worker)	
	n peroxide solution	
Inhalative DNEL Lo	ngterm Local 1,4 mg/m3 (Worker)	
PNECs		
6846-50-0 1-isopro	pyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	
PNEC Marinewater	sed 0,529 mg/kg sed dw (-)	
PNEC Freshwater	0,014 mg/l (AF 50)	
PNEC Freshwater s	ed 5,29 mg/kg sed dw	
PNEC Soil	1,05 mg/kg soil dw	
PNEC STP	3 mg/l (AF 10)	
PNEC Marinewater	0,001 mg/l (AF 500)	
•	ylbenzyl hydroperoxide	
•	sed 0,002 mg/kg sed dw (-)	
PNEC Freshwater	0,003 mg/l (AF 1.000)	
PNEC Freshwater s		
PNEC Freshwater's	0,023 mg/kg sed dw (-)	
PNEC STP	0,35 mg/l (-)	
PNEC Marinewater	0 mg/l (AF 10.000)	
	mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane	
	sed 0,009 mg/kg sed dw	
PNEC Freshwater	0,006 mg/l (AF 1.000)	
PNEC Freshwater s	1,744 3. 3	
PNEC Soil	0,014 mg/kg soil dw	
PNEC STP	1,2 mg/l (AF 10)	
PNEC Marinewater	0,001 mg/l (AF 10.000)	
123-42-2 4-hydroxy	-4-methylpentan-2-one	
PNEC Marinewater	sed 0,74 mg/kg sed dw	
PNEC Freshwater	2 mg/l (AF 50)	
PNEC Freshwater s		
PNEC Soil	0,31 mg/kg soil dw	
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(Contd. of page 5) PNEC STP 100 mg/l (AF 10) PNFC Marinewater 0,2 mg/l (AF 500) 98-82-8 Cumene PNEC Marinewater sed | 0,322 mg/kg sed dw (-) 0,035 mg/l (AF 10) PNEC Freshwater 3,22 mg/kg sed dw (-) PNEC Freshwater sed PNFC Soil 0,624 mg/kg soil dw (-) PNFC STP 200 mg/l (AF 10) PNEC Marinewater 0,004 mg/l (AF 100) 7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution PNEC Marinewater sed 0,047 mg/kg sed dw 0,013 mg/l (AF 50) PNFC Freshwater PNEC Freshwater sed 0,047 mg/kg sed dw PNFC Soil 0,002 mg/kg soil dw PNFC STP 4,66 mg/l (AF 100) **PNEC Marinewater** 0,013 mg/l (AF 50) · Ingredients with biological limit values: 78-93-3 butanone BMGV (Great Britain) 70 µmol/L

Medium: urine

Sampling time: post shift Parameter: butan-2-one

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls No further data; see section 7.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

· Respiratory protection: In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.



Filter A2

Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III. · Hand protection

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the

degradation

Protective gloves

· Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton) Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

· Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

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Fluid

colourless - yellowish

Characteristic

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

May cause fire.

Not determined. Not determined.

> +60 °C (SADT) Not determined.

Not determined.

Undetermined.

not determined Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined.

Not determined

1,017 g/cm³

14 mPas

Not determined.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· 9.1	Information	on bas	ic phys	ical and	chemi	cal properties
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General Information

· Physical state

· Colour:

· Odour:

· Odour threshold:

· Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

· Flammability

· Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower:

· Upper: · Flash point:

Decomposition temperature:

· pH

· Viscosity:

· Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic at 20 °C:

Solubility

· water:

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

· Vapour pressure:

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C: · Relative density

· Vapour density 9.2 Other information

Fluid

Appearance: · Form:

· Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

Ignition temperature:

Explosive properties:

Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

136-<172,1 g/l

· Solvent content: VOC (EC)

Change in condition

· Evaporation rate

Not determined.

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

· Explosives

Flammable gases

· Aerosols · Oxidising gases

· Gases under pressure

· Flammable liquids

Flammable solids

· Self-reactive substances and mixtures

· Pyrophoric liquids · Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water

· Oxidising liquids

· Oxidising solids Organic peroxides

· Corrosive to metals

· Desensitised explosives Other safety characteristics

· Active oxygen

Void Void

> Void Void

Flammable liquid and vapour. Void

Void

Void

Void Void

Void Void Void

Heating may cause a fire.

Void

Void

8,4 - 8,7 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

No further relevant information available.

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· 10.2 Chemical stability · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous selfaccelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below the SADT

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. No further relevant information available.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

· Additional information: Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Toxic if inhaled

		TOXIC II IIIIIaled.		
· LD/LC50	values re	levant for classification:		
6846-50-0	1-isoprop	yl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate		
Oral	LD50	3.200 mg/kg (rattus)		
Dermal	LD50	18.900 mg/kg (caviinae)		
80-15-9 α,	α -dimethy	/lbenzyl hydroperoxide		
Oral	LD50	200-2.000 mg/kg (rattus)		
Dermal	LD50	400-2.000 mg/kg (rattus)		
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	0,5-2 mg/l (rattus)		
1338-23-4	Reaction	mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane		
Oral	Oral LD50 1.017 mg/kg (rattus)			
123-42-2	123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one			
Oral	Oral LD50 3.002 mg/kg (rattus)			
98-82-8 C	98-82-8 Cumene			
Oral	Oral LD50 2.260 mg/kg (rattus)			
Dermal	Dermal LD50 12.300 mg/kg (cuniculosus)			
Inhalative	Inhalative LC50 / 4h 24,7 mg/l (mus)			
617-94-7 2	617-94-7 2-Phenyl-2-propanol			
Oral	LD50	1.300 mg/kg (rattus)		
Dermal	LD50	4.300 mg/kg (cuniculosus)		

Skin corrosion/irritation

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

· STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

78-93-3 butanone List II

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity . Aquatia taxiaitu

Aquatic toxicity.						
80-15-9 a a -dimethylba	enzyl hydroneroxide					

10-100 mg/l (leuciscus idus)

1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

LC50 / 96h | 44,2 mg/l (-)

78-93-3 butanone

LC50 / 96h | 3.220 mg/l (pimephales promelas)

EC50 / 48h | 5.091 mg/l (daphnia magna)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability
- Degree of elimination:

· Classification:

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

Degradation (Readily biodegradable, failing 10-d wind) (OECD 301 B)

80-15-9 α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide

Degradation (Not readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

1338-23-4 Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

123-42-2 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 A)

98-82-8 Cumene

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

78-93-3 butanone

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 D)

7722-84-1 hydrogen peroxide solution

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

· Partition	coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]	
80-15-9	α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	1,6 (25°C)
1338-23-4	Reaction mass of butane-2,2-diyl dihydroperoxide and di-sec-butylhexaoxidane	2,04 (25°C)
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	-0,09 (20°C)
98-82-8	Cumene	3,55 (20°C)
78-93-3	butanone	0,3 (40°C)
7722-84-1	hydrogen peroxide solution	-1,57 (20°C)
617-94-7	2-Phenyl-2-propanol	1,89 (25°C)
98-86-2	acetophenone	1,65 (20°C)
102-82-9	tributylamine	3,34 (25 °C)

· Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

6846-50-0 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

BCF 183-194 (piscis)

· 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. · PRT· · vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting

properties For information on endocrine disrupting properties see section 11.

· 12.7 Other adverse effects

Toxic for fish · Remark:

· Additional ecological information:

· General notes: Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Toxic for aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage

SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.

SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.

· Waste disposal key:

Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

· Uncleaned packaging:

· Segregation Code

This material and its container must be disposed of as hezerdous wests

· Recommendation: Th	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.	
SECTION 14: Transport informa	ition	
14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3105	
14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR	UN3105 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S), CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS	
IMDG IATA	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S), CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE), MARINE POLLUTANT ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S), CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE)	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	· Enconselos, com Enconsel	
ADR		
№ ¥ 2		
· Class · Label	5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides. 5.2	
IMDG	0.2	
♦ ¥ 2		
· Class · Label	5.2 Organic peroxides. 5.2	
· IATA		
· Class · Label	5.2 Organic peroxides.5.2	
14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG	Void	
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: CUMYLHYDROPEROXIDE	
Marine pollutant: Special marking (ADR):	Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree)	
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Organic peroxides.	
Hazard identification number (Ker	mler code):	
Stowage Category	D CWA Distanted from a surross of heart	
Stowage Code	SW1 Protected from sources of heat.	

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Trade name: PEROXAN ME-50 LU 2 X

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· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

 Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

 Transport category Tunnel restriction code

· RID / GGVSEB: like ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml Code: E0 Excepted quantities (EQ)

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

 Seveso category H2 ACUTE TOXIC

P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES

E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for

the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t

REGULATION (EC) No

1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 28

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment - Annex Ш

None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

78-93-3 butanone

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

78-93-3 butanone

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Contact: Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 E-mail: mail@pergan.com

· Version number of previous

version:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International · Abbreviations and acronyms:

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

3

3



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Trade name: PEROXAN ME-50 LU 2 X

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PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic VPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3 Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids – Category 1 Org. Perox. D: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox. E: Organic peroxides – Type C/D Org. Perox. E: Organic peroxides – Type E/F Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3

* Data compared to the previous version altered.

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