

Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance /

the mixture

Reaction initiator For industrial use

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier: PERGAN GmbH

Hilfsstoffe für industrielle Prozesse

Schlavenhorst 71 D-46395 Bocholt Tel: +49 2871 9902-0 Fax: +49 2871 9902-50

· Further information obtainable

from:

Environment protection / Security of labour Qualified person: E-mail: msds@pergan.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number: - Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Org. Perox. F H242 Heating may cause a fire.

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

STOT RE 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms



Danger



GHS02 GHS05 GHS08

· Signal word

· Hazard-determining

components of labelling:

menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative 1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P220 Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy metal compounds and amines).

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.
P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411 Store at temperatures not exceeding +25°C.

P420 Store separately.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

(Contd. on page 2)



Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

(Contd. of page 1)

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. · vPvB: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

Determination of endocrine-

disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Dangerous components:	Dangerous components:		
CAS: 26762-92-5	menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative	50-60%	
EINECS: 247-987-6	Org. Perox. F, H242; STOT RE 2, H373; Skin Corr. 1A, H314		
Reg-No.: 01-2119971063-41			
CAS: 99-82-1	1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane	40-50%	
EINECS: 202-790-4	Flam. Lig. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
Reg-No.: 01-2119980038-33			

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Take care of personal protection for the first aider.

· After inhalation: In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

· After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

After swallowing: Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delaved

No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate

medical attention and special

treatment needed No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Water with full jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from

the substance or mixture

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: · Additional information Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Self-protection first!

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from ignition sources.

In case of further temperature should be cooled with waterspray from a safe distance.

Wear breathing apparatus with filter A during decomposition of materials.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:



Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

(Contd. on page 3)



Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

(Contd. of page 2)

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Large quantities should be diluted with suitable desensitation agent to a concentration below 10 % before

disposal

Soak up with absorbant material (e. g. Vermiculit) and dispose of in accordance with government

regulations.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

In case of large spillage the environmental authority should be informed.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe

handling Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols

Wear suitable respiratory protective device when decanting larger quantities without extractor facilities.

Do not refill residue into storage receptacles. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Before break and at the end of work hands should be thoroughly washed.

Only use tools made of suitable materials (e. g. polyethylene or stainless steel).

Keep away from dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g. heavy-

metal compounds and amines). While using do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not generate flames or sparks.

Keep product and emptied container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Avoid shock and friction.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.



Do not smoke.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Protect from heat.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Prevent impact and friction.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.



Wear shoes with conductive soles.

Formation of flammable or explosive gas/air-mixtures is possible.



Avoid open flames, sparks, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Pay attention to the special requirements of your local autorithies for storing dangerous goods.

 Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle. Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Use only receptacles specifically permitted for this substance/product.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store or park organic peroxide together with heavy metal compounds and amines.

Store away from foodstuffs, drinks and feeding stuffs.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Protect from contamination.

Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children.

Storage in a collecting room is required.

Recommended storage temperature (To maintain quality):

max.: +25 °C

Storage class:

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

MT -



Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

(Contd. of page 3)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the

workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be

	monitored at the workplace.					
	· DNELs					
	26762-92-5 menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative					
	Dermal	DNEL Longte	rm System 0,15 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)			
			rm Local 0,003 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)			
	Inhalative	DNEL Longte	rm System 0,62 mg/m3 (Worker)			
	99-82-1 1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane					
	Dermal	DNEL Longte	rm System 1,1 mg/kg bw/day (Worker)			
Inhalative DNEL Longterm System 7,7 mg/m3 (Worker)						
Ì	PNECs					
	26762-92-5 menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative					
PNEC Marinewater sed 0,00273 mg/kg sed dw						
	PNEC Fre	shwater	0,00085 mg/l (AF 2.000)			
	PNEC Fre	shwater sed	0,0273 mg/kg sed dw			
PNEC Soil		l	0,00497 mg/kg soil dw			
PNEC STP		>	0,481 mg/l (AF 100)			
PNEC Marinewater 0,000085 mg/l (AF 20.000)		rinewater	0,000085 mg/l (AF 20.000)			
	99-82-1 1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane					
	PNEC Mai	rinewater sed	0,013 mg/kg sed dw			
	PNEC Fre	shwater	0,00062 mg/l (AF 1.000)			
	PNEC Fre	shwater sed	0,131 mg/kg sed dw			
	PNEC Soi	l	2 mg/kg soil dw			
	PNEC ST	>	100 mg/l (AF 100)			

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

PNEC Marinewater

Appropriate engineering

controls No further data: see section 7.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

0,000062 mg/l (AF 10.000)

· General protective and

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals. hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

Be sure to clean skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

Not necessary if room is well-ventilated. · Respiratory protection:



Use suitable respiratory device when it exceed exposure limit and when insufficiently ventilated.

· Hand protection Only use chemical-protective gloves with CE-labelling of category III.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Protective gloves

· Material of gloves The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of

quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton) Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene

Penetration time of glove

material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be

observed

(Contd. on page 5)



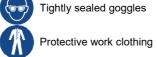
(Contd. of page 4)

Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

· Eye/face protection

· Body protection:



OFOTION O BLOCK I ALL COLORS	
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties	
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
General Information	
· Colour:	Light yellow
· Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
· Melting point/freezing point:	Not applicable.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flammability	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Lower:	Not determined.
· Upper:	Not determined.
· Flash point:	50 °C
· Decomposition temperature:	+70 °C (SADT)
· pH	Not determined.
Viscosity:	
· Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
· Dynamic at 20 °C:	8 mPas
· Solubility	
· water at 20 °C:	4 g/l
 Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) at 20 °C 	2,76 log POW
· Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	5 hPa
· Density and/or relative density	
Density at 20 °C:	0,875 - 0,920 g/cm³
· Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapour density	Not determined.
· 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.
· Appearance:	
Form:	Fluid

· Important information on protection of health and environment,

and on safety.

· Ignition temperature:

· Explosive properties:

Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

Not determined.

· Change in condition Evaporation rate

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes · Explosives Void Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void · Oxidising gases Void · Gases under pressure Void

Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void Pyrophoric solids Void · Self-heating substances and mixtures Void Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in Void

contact with water · Oxidising liquids Void

Oxidising solids Void Heating may cause a fire.

Organic peroxides Corrosive to metals Void · Desensitised explosives Void

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

(Contd. of page 5)

Other safety characteristics

· Active oxygen 4,6 - 5,1 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity

No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability

· Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

SADT (Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with substance in the packaging as used in transport. A dangerous selfaccelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be cause

decomposition at and above the temperature. Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below the SADT.

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Self-accelerating decomposition at SADT. 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Rapid decomposition by dirt, rust, chemicals in particular concentrated acids, alkalis and accelerators (e. g.

heavy-metal compounds and amines).

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition

Additional information:

products:

Hydrocarbons, carbondioxide and -monoxid.

No hazardous decomposition products if used and stored according to specifications.

Emergency procedures will vary depending on conditions. The customer should have an emergency

response plane in place.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · Acute toxicity

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

26762-92-5 menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative

Oral LD50 >2.000 mg/kg (rattus)

99-82-1 1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane

Oral LD50 >3.000 mg/kg (rattus) Dermal LD50 >2.000 mg/kg (rattus)

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory or skin

Causes serious eye damage.

sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity · Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity STOT-single exposure STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· 11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:

26762-92-5 menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative

LC50 / 96h 1,7 mg/l (brachydanio rerio)

EC50 / 48h 4 mg/l (daphnia)

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

(Contd. of page 6)

2,76

· Degree of elimination:

· Classification: 26762-92-5 menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative

Degradation (Readily biodegradable) (OECD 301 B)

99-82-1 1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane

Degradation (Readily biodegradable)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

· Partition coefficient: nOctanol/water: [Log Kow]

26762-92-5 menthane, monohydroperoxy derivative

99-82-1 1-isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane 5,6 (25°C)

12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. · vPvB:

· 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

12.7 Other adverse effects

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

No further relevant information available.

· Additional ecological information:

General notes: Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation



After diluting with a suitable desentisation agent to 10 %, the solution must be supplied to a special treatment (e. g. thermal utilization) under observance of all official regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage

· Waste disposal key: Please contact your hazardous waste disposers to assign the right EWC-(European waste catalog)-

number.

Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

· 14.1 UN number or ID number

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN3109

· 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· ADR UN3109 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (p-MENTHYL

HYDROPEROXIDE)

· IMDG, IATA ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (p-MENTHYL HYDROPEROXIDE)

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



· Class 5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides.

Label

· IMDG, IATA



Class 5.2 Organic peroxides. · Label 5.2

14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA Void

(Contd. on page 8)



(Contd. of page 7)

Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant: No

Warning: Organic peroxides. · 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazard identification number (Kemler code): 539 Stowage Category D

· Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat. · Segregation Code SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis.

SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.

· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E0

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

· Transport category 2 Tunnel restriction code D

· RID / GGVSEB: like ADR

· IMDG

· Limited quantities (LQ) 125 ml Code: E0 Excepted quantities (EQ)

Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Directive 2012/18/EU

Named dangerous substances

- ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Seveso category P6b SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier

200 t requirements

REGULATION (EC) No

1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3

DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment - Annex Ш

None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Department issuing SDS: Environment protection / Security of labour

· Contact: Tel: +49 2871 9902-0

E-mail: mail@pergan.com

· Version number of previous

version:

5

(Contd. on page 9)



Printing date 04.04.2024 Version: 6 (replaces version 5) Revision: 10.02.2023

Trade name: PEROXAN PAM

(Contd. of page 8)

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the

(Contd. of page RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ELINCS: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
LC50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
VPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids — Category 3
Org. Perox. F: Organic peroxides — Type E/F
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation — Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard — Category 1

·* Data compared to the previous version altered.

MT -